the increases in crude oil prices have resulted in a penny-for-penny passthrough of increases at the pump:

Whereas increases in the price of crude oil result in increases in prices paid by United States consumers for refined petroleum products, including home heating oil, gasoline, and diesel fuel;

Whereas increases in the costs of refined petroleum products have a negative effect on many Americans, including the elderly and individuals of low income (whose home heating oil costs have doubled in the last year), families who must pay higher prices at the gas station, farmers (already hurt by low commodity prices, trying to factor increased costs into their budgets in preparation for the growing season), truckers (who face an almost 10-year high in diesel fuel prices), and manufacturers and retailers (who must factor in increased production and transportation costs into the final price of their goods): Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate

- (1) the President should immediately communicate to the members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") cartel and non-OPEC countries that participate in the cartel of crude oil producing countries that—
- (A) the United States seeks to maintain strong relations with crude oil producers around the world while promoting international efforts to remove barriers to energy trade and investment and increased access for United States energy firms around the world:
- (B) the United States believes that restricting supply in a market that is in demand of additional crude oil does serious damage to the efforts that OPEC members have made to demonstrate that they represent a reliable source of crude oil supply:
- (C) the United States believes that stable crude oil prices and supplies are essential for strong economic growth throughout the world; and
- (D) the United States seeks an immediate lifting of the OPEC crude oil production quotes:
- (2) the President should review administrative policies that may put an undue burden on domestic crude oil producers, and should consider lifting unnecessary regulations that interfere with the ability of United States energy industries to supply a greater percentage of the energy needs of the United States; and
- (3) the Senate, when it considers the fiscal year 2001 Federal budget, should appropriate sufficient funds for the development of alternative energy resources, including measures to increase the use of biofuels and other renewable resources, to reduce the dependence of the United States on foreign energy sources.

### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

### THE AFFORDABLE EDUCATION ACT OF 1999

### HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 2823

(Ordered to lie on the table)

Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 1134) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow tax-free expenditures from education indi-

vidual retirement accounts for elementary and secondary school expenses, to increase the maximum annual amount amount of contributions to such accounts; and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title II. insert:

#### SEC. \_\_\_\_. DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN PROFES-SIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND INCI-DENTAL EXPENSES OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL TEACH-ERS.

- (a) DEDUCTION ALLOWED WHETHER OR NOT TAXPAYER ITEMIZES OTHER DEDUCTIONS.—Subsection (a)(2) of section 62 (defining adjusted gross income) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) CERTAIN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES FOR TEACHERS.—
  The deductions allowed by section 162 which consist of qualified professional development expenses paid or incurred by an eligible teacher.".
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 62 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(d) QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL DEVELOP-MENT EXPENSES OF ELIGIBLE TEACHERS.—For purposes of subsection (a)(2)(D)—
- ``(1) QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified professional development expenses' means—
- "(i) expenses for tuition, fees, books, supplies, equipment, and transportation required for the enrollment or attendance of an individual in a qualified course of instruction, and
  - "(ii) qualified incidental expenses.
- "(B) QUALIFIED COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.— The term 'qualified course of instruction' means a course of instruction which—
  - "(i) is—
- "(I) at an institution of higher education (as defined in section 481 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection), or
  - "(II) a professional conference, and
- "(ii) is part of a program of professional development which is approved and certified by the appropriate local educational agency as furthering the individual's teaching skills.
- "(C) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term 'local educational agency' has the meaning given such term by section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as so in effect.
- "(D) QUALIFIED INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified incidental expenses' means expenses in an amount not to exceed \$125 for any taxable year for books, supplies, and equipment related to instruction, teaching, or other educational job-related activities of an eligible teacher.
- "(ii) SPECIAL RULE FOR HOMESCHOOLING.— Such term shall include expenses described in subparagraph (A) in connection with education provided by homeschooling if the requirements of any applicable State or local law are met with respect to such education.
- "(2) ELIGIBLE TEACHER.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible teacher' means an individual who is a kindergarten through grade 12 classroom teacher, instructor, counselor, aide, or principal in an elementary or secondary school.
- "(B) ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY SCHOOL.— The terms 'elementary school' and 'secondary school' have the meanings given such terms by section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801), as so in effect."

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### HATCH (AND MACK) AMENDMENT NO. 2824

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. HATCH (for himself, and Mr. MACK) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert:

# SEC. \_\_\_. ELIMINATION OF MARRIAGE PENALTY IN PHASEOUT OF EDUCATION LOAN INTEREST DEDUCTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (B) of section 221(b)(2) (relating to limitation based on modified adjusted gross income) is amended—
- (1) by striking "\$60,000" in clause (i)(II) and inserting "\$80,000", and
- (2) by inserting "(\$30,000 in the case of a joint return)" after "\$15,000" in clause (ii).
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### ABRAHAM (AND WYDEN) AMENDMENT NO. 2825

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. ABRAHAM (for himself and Mr. WYDEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert:

### SEC. \_\_\_. EXPANSION OF DEDUCTION FOR COM-PUTER DONATIONS TO SCHOOLS.

- (a) EXTENSION OF AGE OF ELIGIBLE COMPUTERS.—Section 170(e)(6)(B)(ii) (defining qualified elementary or secondary educational contribution) is amended by striking "2 years" and inserting "3 years".
- (b) REACQUIRED COMPUTERS ELIGIBLE FOR DONATION.—Section 170(e)(6)(B)(iii) (defining qualified elementary or secondary educational contribution) is amended by inserting ", the person from whom the donor reacquires the property," after "the donor".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to contributions made in taxable years ending after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### SEC. \_\_\_. CREDIT FOR COMPUTER DONATIONS TO SCHOOLS AND SENIOR CENTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits) is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "SEC. 45D. CREDIT FOR COMPUTER DONATIONS TO SCHOOLS AND SENIOR CENTERS.

- "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, the computer donation credit determined under this section is an amount equal to 30 percent of the qualified computer contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year as determined after the application of section 170(e)(6)(A).
- "(b) QUALIFIED COMPUTER CONTRIBUTION.— For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified computer contribution' has the meaning given the term 'qualified elementary or secondary educational contribution' by section 170(e)(6)(B), except that—
- "(1) such term shall include the contribution of a computer (as defined in section 168(i)(2)(B)(ii)) only if computer software (as defined in section 197(e)(3)(B)) that serves as a computer operating system has been lawfully installed in such computer, and
- "(2) notwithstanding clauses (i) and (iv) of section 170(e)(6)(B), such term shall include

the contribution of computer technology or equipment to multipurpose senior centers (as defined in section 102(35) of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3002(35)) described in section 501(c)(3) and exempt from tax under section 501(a) to be used by individuals who have attained 60 years of age to improve job skills in computers.

"(c) INCREASED PERCENTAGE FOR CONTRIBU-TIONS TO ENTITIES IN EMPOWERMENT ZONES, ENTERPRISE COMMUNITIES, AND INDIAN RES-ERVATIONS.—In the case of a qualified computer contribution to an entity located in an empowerment zone or enterprise community designated under section 1391 or an Indian reservation (as defined in section 168(j)(6)), subsection (a) shall be applied by substituting '50 percent' for '30 percent'.

"(d) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.— For purposes of this section, rules similar to the rules of paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 41(f) shall apply.

"(e) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to taxable years beginning on or after the date which is 3 years after the date of the enactment of the [New Millennium Class-

rooms Actl."

- (b) CURRENT YEAR BUSINESS CREDIT CAL-CULATION.—Section 38(b) (relating to current year business credit) is amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (11), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (12) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following:
- "(13) the computer donation credit determined under section 45D(a)."

  (c) DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION BY
- (c) DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION BY AMOUNT OF CREDIT.—Section 280C (relating to certain expenses for which credits are allowable) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- '(d) CREDIT FOR COMPUTER DONATIONS.—No deduction shall be allowed for that portion of the qualified computer contributions (as defined in section 45D(b)) made during the taxable year that is equal to the amount of credit determined for the taxable year under section 45D(a). In the case of a corporation which is a member of a controlled group of corporations (within the meaning of section 52(a)) or a trade or business which is treated as being under common control with other trades or businesses (within the meaning of section 52(b)), this subsection shall be applied under rules prescribed by the Secretary similar to the rules applicable under subsections (a) and (b) of section 52.'
- (d) LIMITATION ON CARRYBACK.—Subsection (d) of section 39 (relating to carryback and carryforward of unused credits) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(9) NO CARRYBACK OF COMPUTER DONATION CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No amount of unused business credit available under section 45D may be carried back to a taxable year beginning on or before the date of the enactment of this paragraph."
- (e) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 45C the following:
- "Sec. 45D. Credit for computer donations to schools and senior centers."
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to contributions made in taxable years beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### TORRICELLI AMENDMENT NO. 2826

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. TORRICELLI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following: SEC. \_\_\_. CERTIFIED TEACHER CREDIT.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Studies have shown that the greatest single in-school factor affecting student achievement is teacher quality.
- (2) Most accomplished teachers do not get the rewards they deserve.
- (3) After adjusting amounts for inflation, the average teacher salary for 1997–1998 of \$39,347 is just \$2 above what it was in 1993. Such salary is also just \$1,924 more than the average salary recorded in 1972, a real increase of only \$75 per year.
- (4) While K-12 enrollments are steadily increasing, the teacher population is aging. There is a need, now more than ever, to attract competent, capable, and bright college graduates or mid-career professionals to the teaching profession.
- (5) The Department of Education projects that 2,000,000 new teachers will have to be hired in the next decade. Shortages, if they occur, will most likely be felt in urban or rural regions of the country where working conditions may be difficult or compensation low.
- (6) If our students are to receive a high quality education and remain competitive in the global market we must attract talented and motivated people to the teaching profession in large numbers
- sion in large numbers.
  (b) GENERAL RULE.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 35 as section 36 and by inserting after section 34 the following new section:

### "SEC. 35. CERTIFIED TEACHER CREDIT.

- "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an eligible teacher, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year \$5,000.
- "(2) YEAR CREDIT ALLOWED.—The credit under paragraph (1) shall be allowed in the taxable year in which the individual becomes a certified individual.
- "(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
  - "(1) ELIGIBLE TEACHER.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible teacher' means a certified individual who is a kindergarten through grade 12 classroom teacher, instructor, counselor, aide, or principal in an elementary or secondary school on a full-time basis for an academic year ending during a taxable year.
- "(B) CERTIFIED INDIVIDUAL.—The term 'certified individual' means an individual who has successfully completed the requirements for advanced certification provided by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.
- "(2) ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY SCHOOL.— The term 'elementary or secondary school' means a public elementary or secondary school which—
- "(A) is located in a school district of a local educational agency which is eligible, during the taxable year, for assistance under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311 et seq.), and
- "(B) during the taxable year, the Secretary of Education determines to have an enrollment of children counted under section 1124(c) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 6333(c)) in an amount in excess of an amount equal to 40 percent of the total enrollment of such school.

- "(c) VERIFICATION.—The credit allowed by subsection (a) shall be allowed with respect to any certified individual only if the certification is verified in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation.
- "(d) ELECTION TO HAVE CREDIT NOT APPLY.—A taxpayer may elect to have this section not apply for any taxable year."
  - (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) Section 1324(b)(2) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "or" before "enacted" and by inserting before the period at the end ", or from section 35 of such Code".
- (2) The table of sections for subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by striking the item relating to section 35 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 35. Certified teacher credit.
- "Sec. 36. Overpayments of tax."
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### MACK (AND HATCH) AMENDMENT NO. 2827

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. MACK (for himself and Mr. HATCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:,

In subsection (a) of section 101, add at the end the following:

- (4) ELIMINATION OF THE MARRIAGE PENALTY IN THE REDUCTION IN PERMITTED CONTRIBUTIONS.—Section 530(c)(1) (relating to reduction in permitted contributions based on adjusted gross income) is amended—
- (A) by striking "\$150,000" in subparagraph (A)(ii) and inserting "\$190,000", and
- (B) by striking "\$10,000" in subparagraph (B) and inserting "\$30,000".

### GRAMM AMENDMENT NO. 2828

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. GRAMM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

Strike section 303.

### ROBB AMENDMENTS NOS. 2829–2830

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. ROBB submitted two amendments intended to be proposed by him to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

Amendment No. 2829

Beginning on page 4, strike subsection (b) and insert:

- (b) TAX-FREE EXPENDITURES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EXPENSES.—
- (1) In general.—Section 530(b)(2) (defining qualified higher education expenses) is amended to read as follows:
- "(2) QUALIFIED EDUCATION EXPENSES.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified education expenses' means—
- "(i) qualified higher education expenses (as defined in section 529(e)(3)), and
- "(ii) qualified elementary and secondary education

expenses (as defined in paragraph (5)). Such expenses shall be reduced as provided in section 25A(g)(2).

"(B) QUALIFIED STATE TUITION PROGRAMS.— Such term shall include any contribution to a qualified State tuition program (as defined in section 529(b)) on behalf of the designated beneficiary (as defined in section 529(e)(1)); but there shall be no increase in the investment in the contract for purposes of applying section 72 by reason of any portion of such contribution which is not includible in gross income by reason of subsection (d)(2).".

"(2) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—

Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules), as amended by subsection (a)(2), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified elementary and secondary education expenses' means—

"(i) expenses for academic tutoring, special needs services, books, supplies, computer equipment (including related software and services), and other equipment which are incurred in connection with the enrollment or attendance of the designated beneficiary of the trust as an elementary or secondary school student at a public school, and

"(ii) expenses for transportation, and supplementary items and services (including extended day programs) which are required or provided by a public school in connection with such enrollment or attendance

"(B) SCHOOL.—The term 'school' means any public school which provides elementary education or secondary education (kindergarten through grade 12), as determined under State law."

(3) SPECIAL RULES FOR APPLYING EXCLUSION TO ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—Section 530(d)(2) (relating to distributions for qualified higher education expenses) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(E) SPECIAL RULES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate amount of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses taken into account for purposes of this paragraph with respect to any education individual retirement account for all taxable years shall not exceed the sum of the aggregate contributions to such account for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2004, and earnings on such contributions.

"(ii) SPECIAL OPERATING RULES.—For purposes of clause (i)—

"(I) the trustee of an education individual retirement account shall keep separate accounts with respect to contributions and earnings described in clause (i), and

"(II) if there are distributions in excess of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses for any taxable year, such excess distributions shall be allocated first to contributions and earnings not described in clause (i)."

(4) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 530 is amended—

(A) by striking "higher" each place it appears in subsections (b)(1) and (d)(2), and

(B) by striking "HIGHER" in the heading for subsection (d)(2).

### Amendment No. 2830

Strike section 101 and insert:

### SEC. 101. MODIFICATIONS TO EDUCATION INDI-VIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS.

(a) MAXIMUM ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b)(1)(A)(iii) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit for such taxable year".

(2) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(4) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—The term 'contribution limit' means \$500 (\$2,000 in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before January 1, 2004)."
- (3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4973(e)(1)(A) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit (as defined in section 530(b)(4)) for such taxable year".
- (b) WAIVER OF AGE LIMITATIONS FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.—Section 530(b)(1) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by adding at the end the following flush sentence:

"The age limitations in the preceding sentence and paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (d) shall not apply to any designated beneficiary with special needs (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary)."

(c) ENTITIES PERMITTED TO CONTRIBUTE TO ACCOUNTS.—Section 530(c)(1) (relating to reduction in permitted contributions based on adjusted gross income) is amended by striking "The maximum amount which a contributor" and inserting "In the case of a contributor who is an individual, the maximum amount the contributor".

(d) Time When Contributions Deemed Made.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5) TIME WHEN CONTRIBUTIONS DEEMED MADE.—An individual shall be deemed to have made a contribution to an education individual retirement account on the last day of the preceding taxable year if the contribution is made on account of such taxable year and is made not later than the time prescribed by law for filing the return for such taxable year (not including extensions thereof)."

(2) EXTENSION OF TIME TO RETURN EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS.—Subparagraph (C) of section 530(d)(4) (relating to additional tax for distributions not used for educational expenses) is amended—

(A) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:

"(i) such distribution is made before the 1st day of the 6th month of the taxable year following the taxable year, and", and

(B) by striking "DUE DATE OF RETURN" in the heading and inserting "JUNE".

(e) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS AND QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(d)(2)(C) is amended to read as follows:

"(C) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS AND QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—

"(i) CREDIT COORDINATION.—

"(I) In GENERAL.—Except as provided in subclause (II), subparagraph (A) shall not apply for any taxable year to any qualified higher education expenses with respect to any individual if a credit is allowed under section 25A with respect to such expenses for such taxable year.

"(II) SPECIAL COORDINATION RULE.—In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, subclause (I) shall not apply, but the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under subparagraph (A) with respect to an individual for such taxable year shall be reduced (after the application of the reduction provided in section 25A(g)(2)) by the amount of such expenses which were taken into account

in determining the credit allowed to the taxpayer or any other person under section 25A with respect to such expenses.

"(ii) COORDINATION WITH QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—If the aggregate distributions to which subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B) apply exceed the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under subparagraph (A) (after the application of clause (i)) with respect to an individual for any taxable year, the taxpayer shall allocate such expenses among such distributions for purposes of determining the amount of the exclusion under subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B)."

(2) Conforming amendments.—

(A) Subsection (e) of section 25A is amended to read as follows:

"(e) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY.—A taxpayer may elect not to have this section apply with respect to the qualified tuition and related expenses of an individual for any taxable year."

(B) Section 135(d)(2)(A) is amended by striking "allowable" and inserting "allowed".

(C) Section 530(b)(2)(A) is amended by striking ", reduced as provided in section 25A(g)(2)".

(D) Section 530(d)(2)(D) is amended—

(i) by striking "or credit", and

(ii) by striking "CREDIT OR" in the heading. (E) Section 4973(e)(1) is amended by adding "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking subparagraph (B), and by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### SEC. 101A. EXPANSION OF INCENTIVES FOR PUB-LIC SCHOOLS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Record numbers of students are enrolled in our Nation's elementary and secondary schools and that record is expected to be broken every year through 2007. The record numbers are straining many school facilities. Addressing that growth will require an increasing commitment of resources to build and modernize schools, and to hire and train new teachers. In addition, the increasing use of technology in the workplace is creating new demands to incorporate computers and other high-technology equipment into the classroom and into curricula.

(2) The General Accounting Office (in this section referred to as the "GAO") has performed a comprehensive survey of the Nation's public elementary and secondary school facilities and has found severe levels of disrepair in all areas of the United States. The GAO report concluded that more than 14,000,000 children attend schools in need of extensive repair or replacement, 7,000,000 children attend schools with life safety code violations, and 12,000,000 children attend schools with leaky roofs.

(3) The General Accounting Office has found the problem of crumbling schools transcends demographic and geographic boundaries. At 38 percent of urban schools, 30 percent of rural schools, and 29 percent of suburban schools, at least one building is in need of extensive repair or should be completely replaced.

(4) The condition of school facilities has a direct effect on the safety of students and teachers and on the ability of students to learn. Academic research has provided a direct correlation between the condition of school facilities and student achievement. At Georgetown University, researchers have found the test scores of students assigned to

schools in poor condition can be expected to fall 10.9 percentage points below the test scores of students in buildings in excellent condition. Similar studies have demonstrated up to a 20 percent improvement in test scores when students were moved from a poor facility to a new facility.

(5) Furthermore, a recent study by the Environmental Working Group concluded that portable trailers, utilized by many school districts to accommodate school over-crowding, can "expose children to toxic chemicals at levels that pose an unacceptable risk of cancer or other serious illnesses." Because ventilation in portable trailers is poor, the pollution through the build-up of toxins can be significant. This is particularly hazardous to those children who have asthma. The prevalence of asthma in children increased by 160 percent between 1980 and 1994. The report also stated, "Schools are facing two epidemics: an epidemic of deteriorating facilities and an epidemic of asthma among children."

(6) The General Accounting Office has found most schools are not prepared to incorporate modern technology in the classroom. Forty-six percent of schools lack adequate electrical wiring to support the fullscale use of technology. More than a third of schools lack the requisite electrical power. Fifty-six percent of schools have insufficient phone lines for modems.

(7) The Department of Education has reported that elementary and secondary school enrollment, already at a record high level. will continue to grow over the next 10 years, and that in order to accommodate this growth, the United States will need to build an additional 2,400 schools.

(8) The General Accounting Office has determined the cost of bringing schools up to good, overall condition to be \$112,000,000,000, including the cost of modernizing schools to accommodate technology, or the cost of building additional facilities needed to meet record enrollment levels.

(9) Schools run by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (in this section referred to as the "BIA") for Native American children are also in dire need of repair and renovation. The General Accounting Office has reported that the cost of total inventory repairs needed for BIA facilities is \$754,000,000. The December 1997 report by the Comptroller General of the United States states that, "Compared with other schools nationally, BIA schools are generally in poorer physical condition, have more unsatisfactory environmental factors, more often lack key facilities requirements for education reform, and are less able to support computer and communications technology.

(10) Across the Nation, schools will need to recruit and hire an additional 2,000,000 teachers during the period from 1998 through 2008. More than 200,000 teachers will be needed annually, yet current teacher development programs produce only 100,000 to 150,000 teachers per year. This level of recruitment is simply the level needed to maintain existing student-teacher ratios.

(11) The rapid growth in the student population, in addition to the imminent shortage of qualified teachers and recent efforts by Congress to help States reduce class size, present urgent infrastructure needs across the Nation.

(12) State and local financing mechanisms have proven inadequate to meet the challenges facing today's aging school facilities. Large numbers of local educational agencies difficulties securing financing for school facility improvement.

(13) The Federal Government has provided resources for school construction in the past. For example, between 1933 and 1939, the Federal Government assisted in 70 percent of all new school construction.

(14) The Federal Government can support elementary and secondary school facilities without interfering in issues of local control, and should help communities leverage additional funds for the improvement of elementary and secondary school facilities.

(b) PUBLIC SCHOOL MODERNIZATION.—Chapter 1 is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

### "Subchapter X-Public School Modernization Provisions

"Part I. Credit to holders of qualified public school modernization bonds.

"Part II. Qualified school construction bonds.

"Part III. Incentives for education zones.

### "PART I-CREDIT TO HOLDERS OF QUALI-FIED PUBLIC SCHOOL MODERNIZATION

"Sec. 1400F. Credit to holders of qualified public school modernization bonds.

#### "SEC. 1400F. CREDIT TO HOLDERS OF QUALIFIED PUBLIC SCHOOL MODERNIZATION BONDS.

"(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—In the case of a taxpayer who holds a qualified public school modernization bond on a credit allowance date of such bond which occurs during the taxable year, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for such taxable year an amount equal to the sum of the credits determined under subsection (b) with respect to credit allowance dates during such year on which the taxpayer holds such bond.

"(b) Amount of Credit.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the credit determined under this subsection with respect to any credit allowance date for a qualified public school modernization bond is 25 percent of the annual credit determined with respect to such bond.

"(2) ANNUAL CREDIT.—The annual credit determined with respect to any qualified public school modernization bond is the product

"(A) the applicable credit rate, multiplied

by  $\mbox{``(B)}$  the outstanding face amount of the

"(3) APPLICABLE CREDIT RATE.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the applicable credit rate with respect to an issue is the rate equal to an average market yield (as of the day before the date of issuance of the issue) on outstanding long-term corporate debt obligations (determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary).

"(4) SPECIAL RULE FOR ISSUANCE AND RE-DEMPTION.—In the case of a bond which is issued during the 3-month period ending on a credit allowance date, the amount of the credit determined under this subsection with respect to such credit allowance date shall be a ratable portion of the credit otherwise determined based on the portion of the 3month period during which the bond is outstanding. A similar rule shall apply when the bond is redeemed.

"(c) LIMITATION BASED ON AMOUNT OF

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed the excess of-

"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by section 55, over

"(B) the sum of the credits allowable under part IV of subchapter A (other than subpart C thereof, relating to refundable credits).

"(2) Carryover of unused credit.—If the credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation imposed by paragraph (1) for such taxable year, such excess shall be carried to the succeeding taxable year and added to the credit allowable under subsection (a) for such taxable year.

"(d) Qualified Public School Moderniza-TION BOND; CREDIT ALLOWANCE DATE.-For

purposes of this section-

"(1) QUALIFIED PUBLIC SCHOOL MODERNIZA-TION BOND.—The term 'qualified public school modernization bond' means-

"(A) a qualified school construction bond, and

"(B) a qualified zone academy bond.

"(2) CREDIT ALLOWANCE DATE.—The term 'credit allowance date' means-

"(A) March 15,

"(B) June 15,

"(C) September 15, and

"(D) December 15. Such term includes the last day on which the

bond is outstanding.
"(e) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subchapter—

LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The "(1) term 'local educational agency' has the meaning given to such term by section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. Such term includes the local educational agency that serves the District of Columbia but does not include any other State agency.

"(2) BOND.—The term 'bond' includes any obligation.

"(3) STATE.—The term 'State' includes the District of Columbia and any possession of the United States.

"(4) PUBLIC SCHOOL FACILITY.—The term 'public school facility' shall not include any facility which is not owned by a State or local government or any agency or instrumentality of a State or local government.

"(f) CREDIT INCLUDED IN GROSS INCOME. Gross income includes the amount of the credit allowed to the taxpayer under this section (determined without regard to subsection (c)) and the amount so included shall be treated as interest income.

'(g) BONDS HELD BY REGULATED INVEST-MENT COMPANIES.—If any qualified public school modernization bond is held by a regulated investment company, the credit determined under subsection (a) shall be allowed to shareholders of such company under procedures prescribed by the Secretary.

"(h) CREDITS MAY BE STRIPPED.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There may be a separation (including at issuance) of the ownership of a qualified public school modernization bond and the entitlement to the credit under this section with respect to such bond. In case of any such separation, the credit under this section shall be allowed to the person who on the credit allowance date holds the instrument evidencing the entitlement to the credit and not to the holder of the bond.

"(2) CERTAIN RULES TO APPLY.-In the case of a separation described in paragraph (1), the rules of section 1286 shall apply to the qualified public school modernization bond as if it were a stripped bond and to the credit under this section as if it were a stripped coupon.

(i) Treatment for Estimated Tax Pur-POSES.—Solely for purposes of sections 6654 and 6655, the credit allowed by this section to a taxpayer by reason of holding qualified public school modernization bonds on a credit allowance date shall be treated as if it were a payment of estimated tax made by the taxpayer on such date.

"(j) CREDIT MAY BE TRANSFERRED.—Nothing in any law or rule of law shall be construed to limit the transferability of the credit allowed by this section through sale and repurchase agreements.

"(k) CREDIT TREATED AS ALLOWED UNDER PART IV OF SUBCHAPTER A.—For purposes of subtitle F, the credit allowed by this section shall be treated as a credit allowable under part IV of subchapter A of this chapter.

"(1) REPORTING.—Issuers of qualified public school modernization bonds shall submit reports similar to the reports required under section 149(e).

"(m) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to any bond issued after September 30, 2005.

# "PART II—QUALIFIED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS

"Sec. 1400G. Qualified school construction bonds.

### "SEC. 1400G. QUALIFIED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS.

"(a) QUALIFIED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BOND.—For purposes of this subchapter, the term 'qualified school construction bond' means any bond issued as part of an issue if—

"(1) 95 percent or more of the proceeds of such issue are to be used for the construction, rehabilitation, or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land on which such a facility is to be constructed with part of the proceeds of such issue,

"(2) the bond is issued by a State or local government within the jurisdiction of which such school is located,

"(3) the issuer designates such bond for purposes of this section, and

"(4) the term of each bond which is part of such issue does not exceed 15 years.

"(b) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF BONDS DESIGNATED.—The maximum aggregate face amount of bonds issued during any calendar year which may be designated under subsection (a) by any issuer shall not exceed the sum of—

"(1) the limitation amount allocated under subsection (d) for such calendar year to such issuer, and

"(2) if such issuer is a large local educational agency (as defined in subsection (e)(4)) or is issuing on behalf of such an agency, the limitation amount allocated under subsection (e) for such calendar year to such agency.

"(c) NATIONAL LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF BONDS DESIGNATED.—There is a national qualified school construction bond limitation for each calendar year. Such limitation is—

((1) \$11,800,000,000 for 2001,

``(2) \$11,800,000,000 for 2005, and

"(3) except as provided in subsection (f), zero after 2001 and before 2005, and after 2005.

''(d) SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT OF LIMITATION ALLOCATED AMONG STATES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Sixty-five percent of the limitation applicable under subsection (c) for any calendar year shall be allocated among the States under paragraph (2) by the Secretary. The limitation amount allocated to a State under the preceding sentence shall be allocated by the State to issuers within such State and such allocations may be made only if there is an approved State application.

"(2) ALLOCATION FORMULA.—The amount to be allocated under paragraph (1) for any calendar year shall be allocated among the States in proportion to the respective amounts each such State received for Basic Grants under subpart 2 of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6331 et seq.) for the most recent fiscal year ending before such calendar year. For purposes of the preceding sentence, Basic Grants attributable to large local educational agencies (as defined in subsection (e)) shall be disregarded.

"(3) MINIMUM ALLOCATIONS TO STATES.-

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall adjust the allocations under this subsection for any calendar year for each State to the extent necessary to ensure that the sum of—

"(i) the amount allocated to such State under this subsection for such year, and

"(ii) the aggregate amounts allocated under subsection (e) to large local educational agencies in such State for such year.

is not less than an amount equal to such State's minimum percentage of the amount to be allocated under paragraph (1) for the calendar year.

"(B) MINIMUM PERCENTAGE.—A State's minimum percentage for any calendar year is the minimum percentage described in section 1124(d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6334(d)) for such State for the most recent fiscal year ending before such calendar year.

"(4) ALLOCATIONS TO CERTAIN POSSESSIONS.—The amount to be allocated under paragraph (1) to any possession of the United States other than Puerto Rico shall be the amount which would have been allocated if all allocations under paragraph (1) were made on the basis of respective populations of individuals below the poverty line (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget). In making other allocations, the amount to be allocated under paragraph (1) shall be reduced by the aggregate amount allocated under this paragraph to possessions of the United States.

"(5) ALLOCATIONS FOR INDIAN SCHOOLS.—In addition to the amounts otherwise allocated under this subsection, \$200,000,000 for calendar year 2001, and \$200,000,000 for calendar year 2005, shall be allocated by the Secretary of the Interior for purposes of the construction, rehabilitation, and repair of schools funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. In the case of amounts allocated under the preceding sentence, Indian tribal governments (as defined in section 7871) shall be treated as qualified issuers for purposes of this subchapter.

"(6) APPROVED STATE APPLICATION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'approved State application' means an application which is approved by the Secretary of Education and which includes—

"(A) the results of a recent publicly-available survey (undertaken by the State with the involvement of local education officials, members of the public, and experts in school construction and management) of such State's needs for public school facilities, including descriptions of—

"(i) health and safety problems at such facilities,

"(ii) the capacity of public schools in the State to house projected enrollments, and

"(iii) the extent to which the public schools in the State offer the physical infrastructure needed to provide a high-quality education to all students, and

"(B) a description of how the State will allocate to local educational agencies, or otherwise use, its allocation under this subsection to address the needs identified under subparagraph (A), including a description of how it will—

"(i) give highest priority to localities with the greatest needs, as demonstrated by inadequate school facilities coupled with a low level of resources to meet those needs,

"(ii) use its allocation under this subsection to assist localities that lack the fiscal capacity to issue bonds on their own, and

"(iii) ensure that its allocation under this subsection is used only to supplement, and not supplant, the amount of school construction, rehabilitation, and repair in the State that would have occurred in the absence of such allocation.

Any allocation under paragraph (1) by a State shall be binding if such State reasonably determined that the allocation was in accordance with the plan approved under this paragraph.

"(e) THIRTY-FIVE PERCENT OF LIMITATION ALLOCATED AMONG LARGEST SCHOOL DISTRICTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Thirty-five percent of the limitation applicable under subsection (c) for any calendar year shall be allocated under paragraph (2) by the Secretary among local educational agencies which are large local educational agencies for such year. No qualified school construction bond may be issued by reason of an allocation to a large local educational agency under the preceding sentence unless such agency has an approved local application.

"(2) ALLOCATION FORMULA.—The amount to be allocated under paragraph (1) for any calendar year shall be allocated among large local educational agencies in proportion to the respective amounts each such agency received for Basic Grants under subpart 2 of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) for the most recent fiscal year ending before such calendar year.

"(3) ALLOCATION OF UNUSED LIMITATION TO STATE.—The amount allocated under this subsection to a large local educational agency for any calendar year may be reallocated by such agency to the State in which such agency is located for such calendar year. Any amount reallocated to a State under the preceding sentence may be allocated as provided in subsection (d)(1).

"(4) LARGE LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.— For purposes of this section, the term 'large local educational agency' means, with respect to a calendar year, any local educational agency if such agency is—

"(A) among the 100 local educational agencies with the largest numbers of children aged 5 through 17 from families living below the poverty level, as determined by the Secretary using the most recent data available from the Department of Commerce that are satisfactory to the Secretary, or

"(B) 1 of not more than 25 local educational agencies (other than those described in subparagraph (A)) that the Secretary of Education determines (based on the most recent data available satisfactory to the Secretary) are in particular need of assistance, based on a low level of resources for school construction, a high level of enrollment growth, or such other factors as the Secretary deems appropriate.

"(5) APPROVED LOCAL APPLICATION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'approved local application' means an application which is approved by the Secretary of Education and which includes—

"(A) the results of a recent publicly-available survey (undertaken by the local educational agency or the State with the involvement of school officials, members of the public, and experts in school construction and management) of such agency's needs for public school facilities, including descriptions of—

- "(i) the overall condition of the local educational agency's school facilities, including health and safety problems,
- "(ii) the overcrowded conditions of the agency's schools and the capacity of such schools to house projected enrollments, and
- "(iii) the extent to which the agency's schools offer the physical infrastructure needed to provide a high-quality education to all students.
- "(B) a description of how the local educational agency will use its allocation under this subsection to address the needs identified under subparagraph (A), including a description of how the agency will—
- "(i) give high priority to localities with the greatest needs, as demonstrated by inadequate school facilities coupled with a low level of resources to meet those needs,
- "(ii) use its allocation under this subsection to assist localities that lack the fiscal capacity to issue bonds on their own,
- "(iii) ensure that its allocation under this subsection is used only to supplement, and not supplant, the amount of school construction, rehabilitation, and repair in the State that would have occurred in the absence of such allocation, and
- "(iv) ensure that the needs of both rural and urban areas are recognized, and
- "(C) a description of how the local educational agency will ensure that its allocation under this subsection is used only to supplement, and not supplant, the amount of school construction, rehabilitation, or repair in the locality that would have occurred in the absence of such allocation.
- A rule similar to the rule of the last sentence of subsection (d)(6) shall apply for purposes of this paragraph.
- "(f) CARRYOVER OF UNUSED LIMITATION.—If for any calendar year—
- "(1) the amount allocated under subsection (d) to any State, exceeds
- "(2) the amount of bonds issued during such year which are designated under subsection (a) pursuant to such allocation,
- the limitation amount under such subsection for such State for the following calendar year shall be increased by the amount of such excess. A similar rule shall apply to the amounts allocated under subsection (d)(5) or (e).
- ''(g) Special Rules Relating to Arbitrage.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A bond shall not be treated as failing to meet the requirement of subsection (a)(1) solely by reason of the fact that the proceeds of the issue of which such bond is a part are invested for a temporary period (but not more than 36 months) until such proceeds are needed for the purpose for which such issue was issued.
- "(2) BINDING COMMITMENT REQUIREMENT.— Paragraph (1) shall apply to an issue only if, as of the date of issuance, there is a reasonable expectation that—
- "(A) at least 10 percent of the proceeds of the issue will be spent within the 6-month period beginning on such date for the purpose for which such issue was issued, and
- "(B) the remaining proceeds of the issue will be spent with due diligence for such purpose.
- "(3) EARNINGS ON PROCEEDS.—Any earnings on proceeds during the temporary period shall be treated as proceeds of the issue for purposes of applying subsection (a)(1) and paragraph (1) of this subsection.

# "PART III—INCENTIVES FOR EDUCATION ZONES

"Sec. 1400H. Qualified zone academy bonds.

- "SEC. 1400H. QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BONDS.
- "(a) QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BOND.—For purposes of this subchapter—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified zone academy bond' means any bond issued as part of an issue if—
- "(A) 95 percent or more of the proceeds of such issue are to be used for a qualified purpose with respect to a qualified zone academy established by a local educational agency
- cy,
  "(B) the bond is issued by a State or local
  government within the jurisdiction of which
  such academy is located.
  - "(C) the issuer—
- "(i) designates such bond for purposes of this section,
- "(ii) certifies that it has written assurances that the private business contribution requirement of paragraph (2) will be met with respect to such academy, and
- "(iii) certifies that it has the written approval of the local educational agency for such bond issuance, and
- "(D) the term of each bond which is part of such issue does not exceed 15 years.
- Rules similar to the rules of section 1400G(g) shall apply for purposes of paragraph (1).
- ``(2) Private business contribution requirement.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the private business contribution requirement of this paragraph is met with respect to any issue if the local educational agency that established the qualified zone academy has written commitments from private entities to make qualified contributions having a present value (as of the date of issuance of the issue) of not less than 10 percent of the proceeds of the issue.
- "(B) QUALIFIED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'qualified contribution' means any contribution (of a type and quality acceptable to the local educational agency) of—
- "(i) equipment for use in the qualified zone academy (including state-of-the-art technology and vocational equipment),
- "(ii) technical assistance in developing curriculum or in training teachers in order to promote appropriate market driven technology in the classroom,
- "(iii) services of employees as volunteer mentors,
- "(iv) internships, field trips, or other educational opportunities outside the academy for students, or
- ''(v) any other property or service specified by the local educational agency.
- "(3) QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY.—The term 'qualified zone academy' means any public school (or academic program within a public school) which is established by and operated under the supervision of a local educational agency to provide education or training below the postsecondary level if—
- "(A) such public school or program (as the case may be) is designed in cooperation with business to enhance the academic curriculum, increase graduation and employment rates, and better prepare students for the rigors of college and the increasingly complex workforce,
- "(B) students in such public school or program (as the case may be) will be subject to the same academic standards and assessments as other students educated by the local educational agency,
- "(C) the comprehensive education plan of such public school or program is approved by the local educational agency, and
- "(D)(i) such public school is located in an empowerment zone or enterprise community (including any such zone or community des-

- ignated after the date of the enactment of this section), or
- "(ii) there is a reasonable expectation (as of the date of issuance of the bonds) that at least 35 percent of the students attending such school or participating in such program (as the case may be) will be eligible for free or reduced-cost lunches under the school lunch program established under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act.
- ''(4) QUALIFIED PURPOSE.—The term 'qualified purpose' means, with respect to any qualified zone academy—
- "(A) constructing, rehabilitating, or repairing the public school facility in which the academy is established,
- "(B) acquiring the land on which such facility is to be constructed with part of the proceeds of such issue,
- "(C) providing equipment for use at such academy,
- "(D) developing course materials for education to be provided at such academy, and "(E) training teachers and other school
- personnel in such academy.

  "(b) LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNT OF BONDS
  DESIGNATED.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a national zone academy bond limitation for each calendar year. Such limitation is—
  - "(A) \$400,000,000 for 1998,
  - "(B) \$400,000,000 for 1999,
  - "(C) \$400,000,000 for 2000,
- "(D) \$400,000,000 for 2001, and
- "(C) except as provided in paragraph (3), zero after 2001.
  - "(2) ALLOCATION OF LIMITATION.—
  - "(A) ALLOCATION AMONG STATES.—
- "(i) 1998 AND 1999 LIMITATIONS.—The national zone academy bond limitations for calendar years 1998 and 1999 shall be allocated by the Secretary among the States on the basis of their respective populations of individuals below the poverty line (as defined by the Office of Management and Budgett)
- "(ii) LIMITATION AFTER 1999.—The national zone academy bond limitation for any calendar year after 1999 shall be allocated by the Secretary among the States in the manner prescribed by section 1400G(d); except that in making the allocation under this clause, the Secretary shall take into account—
- "(I) Basic Grants attributable to large local educational agencies (as defined in section 1400G(e)(4)).
- "(II) the national zone academy bond limitation.
- "(B) ALLOCATION TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.—The limitation amount allocated to a State under subparagraph (A) shall be allocated by the State education agency to qualified zone academies within such State.
- "(C) DESIGNATION SUBJECT TO LIMITATION AMOUNT.—The maximum aggregate face amount of bonds issued during any calendar year which may be designated under subsection (a) with respect to any qualified zone academy shall not exceed the limitation amount allocated to such academy under subparagraph (B) for such calendar year.
- "(3) CARRYOVER OF UNUSED LIMITATION.—If for any calendar year—
- "(A) the limitation amount under this subsection for any State, exceeds
- "(B) the amount of bonds issued during such year which are designated under subsection (a) (or the corresponding provisions of prior law) with respect to qualified zone academies within such State,
- the limitation amount under this subsection for such State for the following calendar year shall be increased by the amount of

such excess. Any carryforward of a limitation amount may be carried only to the first 2 years (3 years for carryforwards from 1998 or 1999) following the unused limitation year. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a limitation amount shall be treated as used on a first-in first-out basis."

- (c) REPORTING.—Subsection (d) of section 6049 (relating to returns regarding payments of interest) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(8) REPORTING OF CREDIT ON QUALIFIED PUBLIC SCHOOL MODERNIZATION BONDS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "interest" includes amounts includible in gross income under section 1400F(f) and such amounts shall be treated as paid on the credit allowance date (as defined in section 1400F(d)(2)).
- "(B) REPORTING TO CORPORATIONS, ETC.— Except as otherwise provided in regulations, in the case of any interest described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, subsection (b)(4) of this section shall be applied without regard to subparagraphs (A), (H), (I), (J), (K), and (L)(i).
- "(C) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as are necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this paragraph, including regulations which require more frequent or more detailed reporting."
- (d) Conforming Amendments.-
- (1) Subchapter U of chapter 1 is amended by striking part IV, by redesignating part V as part IV, and by redesignating section 1397F as section 1397E.
- (2) The table of subchapters for chapter 1 is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
- "Subchapter X. Public school modernization provisions."
- (3) The table of parts of subchapter U of chapter 1 is amended by striking the last 2 items and inserting the following item:

"Part IV. Regulations."

- (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply to obligations issued after December 31, 1999.
- (2) REPEAL OF RESTRICTION ON ZONE ACADEMY BOND HOLDERS.—In the case of bonds to which section 1397E of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act) applies, the limitation of such section to eligible taxpayers (as defined in subsection (d)(6) of such section) shall not apply after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 101C. PUBLIC SCHOOL REPAIR AND RENOVATION.

Title XII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8501 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

### "TITLE XII—PUBLIC SCHOOL REPAIR AND RENOVATION

### "SEC. 12001. FINDINGS.

"Congress finds the following:

- "(1) The General Accounting Office estimated in 1995 that it would cost \$112,000,000,000 to bring our Nation's school facilities into good overall condition.
- "(2) The General Accounting Office also found in 1995 that 60 percent of the Nation's schools, serving 28,000,000 students, reported that 1 or more building features, such as roofs and plumbing, needed to be extensively repaired, overhauled, or replaced.
- "(3) The National Center for Education Statistics reported that the average age for a school building in 1998 was 42 years and

that local educational agencies with relatively high rates of poverty tend to have relatively old buildings.

- "(4) School condition is positively correlated with student achievement, according to a number of research studies.
- "(5) The results of a recent survey indicate that the condition of schools with large proportions of students living on Indian lands is particularly poor.
- "(6) While school repair and renovation are primarily a State and local concern, some States and communities are not, on their own, able to meet the burden of providing adequate school facilities for all students, and the poorest communities have had the greatest difficulty meeting this need. It is, therefore, appropriate for the Federal Government to provide assistance to high-need communities for school repair and renovation.

### "SEC. 12002. PURPOSE.

"The purpose of this title is to assist highneed local educational agencies in making urgent repairs and renovations to public school facilities in order to—

- "(1) reduce health and safety problems, including violations of State or local fire codes, faced by students; and
- "(2) improve the ability of students to learn in their school environment.

#### "SEC. 12003. AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—A recipient of a grant or loan under this title shall use the grant or loan funds to carry out the purpose of this title by—
- "(1) repairing or replacing roofs, electrical wiring, or plumbing systems;
- "(2) repairing, replacing, or installing heating, ventilation, or air conditioning systems:
- "(3) ensuring that repairs and renovations under this title comply with the requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 relating to the accessibility of public school programs to individuals with disabilities; and
- "(4) making other types of school repairs and renovations that the Secretary may reasonably determine are urgently needed, particularly projects to correct facilities problems that endanger the health and safety of students and staff such as violations of State or local fire codes.
- "(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary shall not approve an application for a grant or loan under this title unless the applicant demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that the applicant lacks sufficient funds, from other sources, to carry out the repairs or renovations for which the applicant is requesting assistance.

### "SEC. 12004. GRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES WITH HIGH CONCENTRA-TIONS OF STUDENTS LIVING ON IN-DIAN LANDS.

"(a) Grants Authorized.—From funds available under section 12008(a), the Secretary shall award grants to local educational agencies to enable the agencies to carry out the authorized activities described in section 12003 and subsection (e).

"(b) ELIGIBILITY.—A local educational agency is eligible for a grant under this section if the number of children determined under section 8003(a)(1)(C) of this Act for that agency constituted at least 50 percent of the number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of the agency during the preceding school year.

"(c) Allocation of Funds.—The Secretary shall allocate funds available to carry out this section to eligible local educational agencies based on their respective numbers of children in average daily attendance who are counted under section 8003(a)(1)(C) of this Act.

- "(d) APPLICATIONS.—Each eligible local educational agency that desires to receive a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary that includes—
- "(1) a statement of how the agency will use the grant funds;
- "(2) a description of the steps the agency will take to adequately maintain the facilities that the agency repairs, renovates, or constructs with those funds; and
- "(3) such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require.
- "(e) CONSTRUCTION OF NEW SCHOOLS.—In addition to any other activity authorized under section 12003, an eligible local educational agency may use grant funds received under this section to construct a new school if the agency demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that the agency will replace an existing school that is in such poor condition that renovating the school will not be cost-effective.

# "SEC. 12005. GRANTS TO HIGH-POVERTY LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.

- "(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—From funds available under section 12008(b)(1), the Secretary shall make grants, on a competitive basis, to local educational agencies with poverty rates of 20 percent or greater to enable the agencies to carry out the authorized activities described in section 12003.
- "(b) CRITERIA FOR AWARDING GRANTS.—In making grants under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
- "(1) the poverty rate, the need for school repairs and renovations, and the fiscal capacity of each local educational agency; and
- "(2) such other factors as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- "(c) APPLICATIONS.—Each eligible local educational agency that desires to receive a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary that includes—
- "(1) a description of the agency's urgent need for school repair and renovation and of how the agency will use funds available under this section to meet those needs;
- "(2) information on the fiscal effort that the agency is making in support of education and evidence demonstrating that the agency lacks the capacity to meet the agency's urgent school repair and renovation needs without assistance made available under this section:
- "(3) a description of the steps the agency will take to adequately maintain the facilities that the agency repairs or renovates with the assistance; and
- "(4) such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require.

### "SEC. 12006. SCHOOL RENOVATION GRANTS AND LOANS.

- "(a) GRANTS AND LOANS.—From funds available under section 12008(b)(2), the Secretary shall make grants, and shall pay the cost of loans made, on a competitive basis, to local educational agencies that lack the ability to fund urgent school repairs without a grant or loan provided under this section, to enable the agencies to carry out the authorized activities described in section 12003.
- "(b) LOAN PERIOD.—Each loan under this section shall be for a period of 7 years and shall carry an interest rate of 0 percent.
- "(c) CRITERIA FOR MAKING GRANTS AND LOANS.—In making grants and loans under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
- "(1) the extent of poverty, the need for school repairs and renovations, and the fiscal capacity of each local educational agency;

- "(2) such other factors as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- termines appropriate.

  "(d) APPLICATIONS.—Each eligible local educational agency that desires to receive a grant or loan under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary that includes the information described in section 12005(c).
- "(e) CREDIT STANDARDS.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary—
- "(1) shall not extend credit without finding that there is reasonable assurance of repayment; and
- "(2) may use credit enhancement techniques, as appropriate, to reduce the credit risk of loans.

### "SEC. 12007. PROGRESS REPORTS.

"The Secretary shall require recipients of grants and loans under this title to submit progress reports and such other information as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure compliance with this title and to evaluate the impact of the activities assisted under this title.

#### "SEC. 12008. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

- "(a) Grants Under Section 12004.—For the purpose of making grants under section 12004, there are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years.
- "(b) Grants Under Section 12005 and Grants and Loans Under Section 12006.— For the purpose of making grants under section 12005, and grants and loans under section 12006, there are authorized to be appropriated \$1,250,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the succeeding 4 fiscal years, of which—
- ``(1) 10 percent shall be available for grants under section 12005; and
- "(2) 90 percent shall be available to make grants and to pay the cost of loans under section 12006.
- "(c) LIMITATION ON LOAN VOLUME.—Within the available resources and authority, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans offered by the Secretary under section 12006 for fiscal year 2001 shall not exceed \$7,000,000,000, or the amount specified in an applicable appropriations Act, whichever is greater.

### "SEC. 12009. DEFINITIONS.

- "For the purpose of this title, the following terms have the following meanings:
- "(1) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term 'local educational agency' has the meaning given that term in section 14101(18) (A) and (B) of this Act.
  - "(2) PUBLIC SCHOOL FACILITY.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'public school facility' means a public building whose primary purpose is the instruction of public elementary or secondary students.
- "(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term excludes athletic stadiums or any other structure or facility intended primarily for athletic exhibitions, contests, games, or events for which admission is charged to the general public.
- "(3) REPAIR AND RENOVATION.—The term repair and renovation used with respect to an existing public school facility, means the repair or renovation of the facility without increasing the size of the facility."

### SEC. 101D. USE OF NET PROCEEDS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law—  $\,$ 

(1) section 439(a) of the General Education Provisions Act shall apply with respect to the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or repair of any school facility to the extent funded by net proceeds obtained through any provision enacted or amended by this Act,

- (2) such net proceeds may not be used to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or repair of any stadium or other facility primarily used for athletic or nonacademic events, and
- (3) such net proceeds may be used to build small schools or create smaller learning environments within existing public school facilities

### ROTH AMENDMENTS NOS. 2831–2836

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. ROTH sumbitted six amendments intended to be proposed by him to the bill, S. 1134, supra; as follows:

### AMENDMENT No. 2831

Strike all after the first word and insert:

# 1. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Affordable Education Act of 2000".
- the "Affordable Education Act of 2000".

  (b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; amendment of 1986 Code; table of contents.

# TITLE I—EDUCATION SAVINGS INCENTIVES

- Sec. 101. Modifications to education individual retirement accounts.
- Sec. 102. Modifications to qualified tuition programs.

### TITLE II—EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE

- Sec. 201. Extension of exclusion for employer-provided educational assistance.
- Sec. 202. Elimination of 60-month limit on student loan interest deduction.
- Sec. 203. Exclusion of certain amounts received under the National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program and the F. Edward Hebert Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance Program.

### TITLE III—LIBERALIZATION OF TAX-EX-EMPT FINANCING RULES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

- Sec. 301. Additional increase in arbitrage rebate exception for governmental bonds used to finance educational facilities.
- Sec. 302. Treatment of qualified public educational facility bonds as exempt facility bonds
- Sec. 303. Federal guarantee of school construction bonds by Federal Housing Finance Board.

# TITLE I—EDUCATION SAVINGS INCENTIVES

### SEC. 101. MODIFICATIONS TO EDUCATION INDI-VIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS.

- (a) MAXIMUM ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b)(1)(A)(iii) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit for such taxable year"
- (2) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(4) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—The term 'contribution limit' means \$500 (\$2,000 in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before January 1, 2004)."
- (3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4973(e)(1)(A) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit (as defined in section 530(b)(4)) for such taxable year".
- (b) TAX-FREE EXPENDITURES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EXPENSES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b)(2) (defining qualified higher education expenses) is amended to read as follows:
- "(2) QUALIFIED EDUCATION EXPENSES.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified education expenses' means—
- "(i) qualified higher education expenses (as defined in section 529(e)(3)), and
- "(ii) qualified elementary and secondary education expenses (as defined in paragraph (5)).
- "(B) QUALIFIED STATE TUITION PROGRAMS.—Such term shall include any contribution to a qualified State tuition program (as defined in section 529(b)) on behalf of the designated beneficiary (as defined in section 529(e)(1)); but there shall be no increase in the investment in the contract for purposes of applying section 72 by reason of any portion of such contribution which is not includible in gross income by reason of subsection (d)(2)."
- (2) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules), as amended by subsection (a)(2), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified elementary and secondary education expenses' means—
- "(i) expenses for tuition, fees, academic tutoring, special needs services, books, supplies, computer equipment (including related software and services), and other equipment which are incurred in connection with the enrollment or attendance of the designated beneficiary of the trust as an elementary or secondary school student at a public, private, or religious school, and
- "(ii) expenses for room and board, uniforms, transportation, and supplementary items and services (including extended day programs) which are required or provided by a public, private, or religious school in connection with such enrollment or attendance.
- "(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR HOMESCHOOLING.—Such term shall include expenses described in subparagraph (A)(i) in connection with education provided by homeschooling if the requirements of any applicable State or local law are met with respect to such education.
- "(C) SCHOOL.—The term 'school' means any school which provides elementary education or secondary education (kindergarten through grade 12), as determined under State law."
- (3) SPECIAL RULES FOR APPLYING EXCLUSION TO ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—Section 530(d)(2) (relating to distributions for qualified higher education expenses) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(E) SPECIAL RULES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate amount of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses taken into account for purposes of this paragraph with respect to any education individual retirement account for all taxable years shall not exceed the sum of

the aggregate contributions to such account for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, and earnings on such contributions.

- "(ii) SPECIAL OPERATING RULES.—For purposes of clause (i)—
- "(I) the trustee of an education individual retirement account shall keep separate accounts with respect to contributions and earnings described in clause (i), and
- "(II) if there are distributions in excess of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses for any taxable year, such excess distributions shall be allocated first to contributions and earnings not described in clause (i)."
- (4) Conforming amendments.—Section 530 is amended—
- (A) by striking "higher" each place it appears in subsections (b)(1) and (d)(2), and
- (B) by striking "HIGHER" in the heading for subsection (d)(2).
- (c) WAIVER OF AGE LIMITATIONS FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.—Section 530(b)(1) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by adding at the end the following flush sentence:
- "The age limitations in subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (E) and paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (d) shall not apply to any designated beneficiary with special needs (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary)."
- (d) ENTITIES PERMITTED TO CONTRIBUTE TO ACCOUNTS.—Section 530(c)(1) (relating to reduction in permitted contributions based on adjusted gross income) is amended by striking "The maximum amount which a contributor" and inserting "In the case of a contributor who is an individual, the maximum amount the contributor".
- (e) Time When Contributions Deemed Made.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules), as amended by subsection (b)(2), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(6) TIME WHEN CONTRIBUTIONS DEEMED MADE.—An individual shall be deemed to have made a contribution to an education individual retirement account on the last day of the preceding taxable year if the contribution is made on account of such taxable year and is made not later than the time prescribed by law for filing the return for such taxable year (not including extensions thereof)."
- (2) EXTENSION OF TIME TO RETURN EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS.—Subparagraph (C) of section 530(d)(4) (relating to additional tax for distributions not used for educational expenses) is amended—
- $(\boldsymbol{A})$  by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:
- "(i) such distribution is made before the 1st day of the 6th month of the taxable year following the taxable year, and", and
- (B) by striking "DUE DATE OF RETURN" in the heading and inserting "CERTAIN DATE".
- (f) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS AND QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) In general.—Section 530(d)(2)(C) is amended to read as follows:
- $\lq\lq(C)$  Coordination with hope and lifetime learning credits and qualified tuition programs.—
  - "(i) CREDIT COORDINATION.—
- "(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subclause (II), subparagraph (A) shall not apply for any taxable year to any qualified higher education expenses with respect to any individual if a credit is allowed under section 25A with respect to such expenses for such taxable year.

- "(II) SPECIAL COORDINATION RULE.—In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, subclause (I) shall not apply, but the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under subparagraph (A) with respect to an individual for such taxable year shall be reduced (after the application of the reduction provided in section 25A(g)(2)) by the amount of such expenses which were taken into account in determining the credit allowed to the taxpayer or any other person under section 25A with respect to such expenses.
- "(ii) COORDINATION WITH QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—If, with respect to an individual for any taxable year—
- "(I) the aggregate distributions during such year to which subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B) apply, exceed
- "(II) the total amount of qualified higher education expenses (after the application of clause (i)) for such year.

the taxpayer shall allocate such expenses among such distributions for purposes of determining the amount of the exclusion under subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B)."

- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
- (A) Subsection (e) of section 25A is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY.—A taxpayer may elect not to have this section apply with respect to the qualified tuition and related expenses of an individual for any taxable year."
- (B) Section 135(d)(2)(A) is amended by striking "allowable" and inserting "allowed".
  - (C) Section 530(d)(2)(D) is amended—
  - (i) by striking "or credit", and (ii) by striking "CREDIT OR" in the heading.
- (ii) by striking "CREDIT OR" in the heading.
  (D) Section 4973(e)(1) is amended by adding
- "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking subparagraph (B), and by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).
- (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 102. MODIFICATIONS TO QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.

- (a) ELIGIBLE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS PERMITTED TO MAINTAIN QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 529(b)(1) (defining qualified State tuition program) is amended by inserting "or by 1 or more eligible educational institutions" after "maintained by a State or agency or instrumentality thereof".
- (2) PRIVATE QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS LIMITED TO BENEFIT PLANS.—Clause (ii) of section 529(b)(1)(A) is amended by inserting "in the case of a program established and maintained by a State or agency or instrumentality thereof," before "may make".
- (3) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Sections 72(e)(9), 135(c)(2)(C), 135(d)(1)(D), 529, 530(b)(2)(B), 4973(e), and 6693(a)(2)(C) are each amended by striking "qualified State tuition" each place it appears and inserting "qualified tuition".
- (B) The headings for sections 72(e)(9) and 135(e)(2)(C) are each amended by striking "QUALIFIED STATE TUITION" and inserting "QUALIFIED TUITION".
- (C) The headings for sections 529(b) and 530(b)(2)(B) are each amended by striking "QUALIFIED STATE TUITION" and inserting "QUALIFIED TUITION".
- (D) The heading for section 529 is amended by striking "STATE".
- (E) The item relating to section 529 in the table of sections for part VIII of subchapter F of chapter 1 is amended by striking "State".

- (b) EXCLUSION FROM GROSS INCOME OF EDUCATION DISTRIBUTIONS FROM QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) In general.—Section 529(c)(3)(B) (relating to distributions) is amended to read as follows:
- "(B) DISTRIBUTIONS FOR QUALIFIED HIGHER EDUCATION EXPENSES.—For purposes of this paragraph—
- "(i) IN-KIND DISTRIBUTIONS.—No amount shall be includible in gross income under subparagraph (A) by reason of a distribution which consists of providing a benefit to the distributee which, if paid for by the distributee, would constitute payment of a qualified higher education expense.
- "(ii) CASH DISTRIBUTIONS.—In the case of distributions not described in clause (i), if—
- "(I) such distributions do not exceed the qualified higher education expenses (reduced by expenses described in clause (i)), no amount shall be includible in gross income, and
- "(II) in any other case, the amount otherwise includible in gross income shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to such amount as such expenses bear to such distributions.
- "(iii) EXCEPTION FOR INSTITUTIONAL PROGRAMS.—In the case of any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2004, clauses (i) and (ii) shall not apply with respect to any distribution during such taxable year under a qualified tuition program established and maintained by 1 or more eligible educational institutions.
- "(iv) TREATMENT AS DISTRIBUTIONS.—Any benefit furnished to a designated beneficiary under a qualified tuition program shall be treated as a distribution to the beneficiary for purposes of this paragraph.
- "(V) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS.—
- "(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subclause (II), clause (i) shall not apply for any taxable year to any qualified higher education expenses with respect to any individual if a credit is allowed under section 25A with respect to such expenses for such taxable year.
- "(II) SPECIAL COORDINATION RULE.—In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, subclause (I) shall not apply, but the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under clause (i) with respect to an individual for such taxable year shall be reduced (after the application of the reduction provided in section 25A(g)(2)) by the amount of such expenses which were taken into account in determining the credit allowed to the taxpayer or any other person under section 25A with respect to such expenses.
- "(vi) COORDINATION WITH EDUCATION IRAS.— If, with respect to an individual for any taxable year—
- ''(I) the aggregate distributions to which clauses (i) and (ii) and section  $530(\mathrm{d})(2)(A)$  apply, exceed
- "(II) the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under clauses (i) and (ii) (after the application of clause (iv)) for such year,
- the taxpayer shall allocate such expenses among such distributions for purposes of determining the amount of the exclusion under clauses (i) and (ii) and section 530(d)(2)(A)."
- (2) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Section 135(d)(2)(B) is amended by striking "section 530(d)(2)" and inserting "sections 529(c)(3)(B)(i) and 530(d)(2)".
- (B) Section 221(e)(2)(A) is amended by inserting "529," after "135,".

- (c) ROLLOVER TO DIFFERENT PROGRAM FOR BENEFIT OF SAME DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY.—Section 529(c)(3)(C) (relating to change in beneficiaries) is amended—
- (1) by striking "transferred to the credit" in clause (i) and inserting "transferred—
- "(I) to another qualified tuition program for the benefit of the designated beneficiary,
  - "(II) to the credit",
- (2) by adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(iii) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN ROLLOVERS.— Clause (i)(I) shall only apply to the first 3 transfers with respect to a designated beneficiary.", and
- (3) by inserting "OR PROGRAMS" after "BENEFICIARIES" in the heading.
- (d) MEMBER OF FAMILY INCLUDES FIRST COUSIN.—Section 529(e)(2) (defining member of family) is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and by inserting "; and", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) any first cousin of such beneficiary."
  (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### TITLE II—EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE

#### SEC. 201. EXTENSION OF EXCLUSION FOR EM-PLOYER-PROVIDED EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 127(d) (relating to termination of exclusion for educational assistance programs) is amended by striking "December 31, 2001" and inserting "June 30, 2004".
- (b) REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON GRADUATE EDUCATION —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The last sentence of section 127(c)(1) is amended by striking ", and such term also does not include any payment for, or the provision of any benefits with respect to, any graduate level course of a kind normally taken by an individual pursuing a program leading to a law, business, medical, or other advanced academic or professional degree".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to expenses relating to courses beginning after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 202. ELIMINATION OF 60-MONTH LIMIT ON STUDENT LOAN INTEREST DEDUCTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 221 (relating to interest on education loans) is amended by striking subsection (d) and by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively.
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6050S(e) is amended by striking "section 221(e)(1)" and inserting "section 221(d)(1)".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to any loan interest paid after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 203. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS RECEIVED UNDER THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE CORPS SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM AND THE F. EDWARD HEBERT ARMED FORCES HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIP AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 117(c) (relating to the exclusion from gross income amounts received as a qualified scholarship) is amended—
- (1) by striking "Subsections (a)" and inserting the following:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), subsections (a)", and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any amount received by an individual under—
- "(A) the National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program under section 338A(g)(1)(A) of the Public Health Service Act, or
- "(B) the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under subchapter I of chapter 105 of title 10, United States Code."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to amounts received in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1993.

### TITLE III—LIBERALIZATION OF TAX-EX-EMPT FINANCING RULES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

#### SEC. 301. ADDITIONAL INCREASE IN ARBITRAGE REBATE EXCEPTION FOR GOVERN-MENTAL BONDS USED TO FINANCE EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 148(f)(4)(D)(vii) (relating to increase in exception for bonds financing public school capital expenditures) is amended by striking "\$5,000,000" the second place it appears and inserting "\$10.000.000".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to obligations issued in calendar years beginning after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 302. TREATMENT OF QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITY BONDS AS EXEMPT FACILITY BONDS.

- (a) TREATMENT AS EXEMPT FACILITY BOND.—Subsection (a) of section 142 (relating to exempt facility bond) is amended by striking "or" at the end of paragraph (11), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (12) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(13) qualified public educational facilities."
- (b) QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.—Section 142 (relating to exempt facility bond) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(k) QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FA-CILITIES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a)(13), the term 'qualified public educational facility' means any school facility which is—
- "(A) part of a public elementary school or a public secondary school, and
- "(B) owned by a private, for-profit corporation pursuant to a public-private partnership agreement with a State or local educational agency described in paragraph (2).
- "(2) PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP AGREE-MENT DESCRIBED.—A public-private partnership agreement is described in this paragraph if it is an agreement—
- "(A) under which the corporation agrees—
- "(i) to do 1 or more of the following: construct, rehabilitate, refurbish, or equip a school facility, and
- "(ii) at the end of the term of the agreement, to transfer the school facility to such agency for no additional consideration, and
- "(B) the term of which does not exceed the term of the issue to be used to provide the school facility.
- "(3) SCHOOL FACILITY.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'school facility' means—
- "(A) school buildings,
- "(B) functionally related and subordinate facilities and land with respect to such buildings, including any stadium or other facility primarily used for school events, and
- "(C) any property, to which section 168 applies (or would apply but for section 179), for use in the facility.

- "(4) PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—For purposes of this subsection, the terms 'elementary school' and 'secondary school' have the meanings given such terms by section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- ''(5) ANNUAL AGGREGATE FACE AMOUNT OF TAX-EXEMPT FINANCING.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—An issue shall not be treated as an issue described in subsection (a)(13) if the aggregate face amount of bonds issued by the State pursuant thereto (when added to the aggregate face amount of bonds previously so issued during the calendar year) exceeds an amount equal to the greater of—
- $\lq\lq(i)$  \$10 multiplied by the State population, or
  - "(ii) \$5,000,000
  - "(B) ALLOCATION RULES.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, the State may allocate the amount described in subparagraph (A) for any calendar year in such manner as the State determines appropriate.
- "(ii) RULES FOR CARRYFORWARD OF UNUSED LIMITATION.—A State may elect to carry forward an unused limitation for any calendar year for 3 calendar years following the calendar year in which the unused limitation arose under rules similar to the rules of section 146(f), except that the only purpose for which the carryforward may be elected is the issuance of exempt facility bonds described in subsection (a)(13)."
- (c) EXEMPTION FROM GENERAL STATE VOL-UME CAPS.—Paragraph (3) of section 146(g) (relating to exception for certain bonds) is amended—
- (1) by striking "or (12)" and inserting "(12), or (13)", and
- (2) by striking "and environmental enhancements of hydroelectric generating facilities" and inserting "environmental enhancements of hydroelectric generating facilities, and qualified public educational facilities".
- (d) EXEMPTION FROM LIMITATION ON USE FOR LAND ACQUISITION.—Section 147(h) (relating to certain rules not to apply to mortgage revenue bonds, qualified student loan bonds, and qualified 501(c)(3) bonds) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) EXEMPT FACILITY BONDS FOR QUALIFIED PUBLIC-PRIVATE SCHOOLS.—Subsection (c) shall not apply to any exempt facility bond issued as part of an issue described in section 142(a)(13) (relating to qualified public educational facilities)."
- (e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for section 147(h) is amended by striking "MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS, QUALIFIED STUDENT LOAN BONDS, AND QUALIFIED 501(c)(3) BONDS" and inserting "CERTAIN BONDS".
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to bonds issued after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 303. FEDERAL GUARANTEE OF SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS BY FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE BOARD.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 149(b)(3) (relating to exceptions) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(E) CERTAIN GUARANTEED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Any bond issued as part of an issue 95 percent or more of the net proceeds of which are used for public school construction shall not be treated as federally guaranteed for any calendar year by reason of any guarantee by the Federal Housing Finance Board (through any Federal Home Loan Bank) under the Federal Home Loan

Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, to the extent the face amount of such bond, when added to the aggregate face amount of such bonds previously so guaranteed for such year, does not exceed \$500,000,000."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to bonds issued after December 31, 2000.

### AMENDMENT No. 2832

Beginning on page 3, line 1, strike all through page 18, line 12, and insert:

# TITLE I—EDUCATION SAVINGS INCENTIVES

### SEC. 101. MODIFICATIONS TO EDUCATION INDI-VIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS.

- (a) MAXIMUM ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b)(1)(A)(iii) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit for such taxable year".
- (2) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(4) CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—The term 'contribution limit' means \$500 (\$2,000 in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before January 1, 2004)."
- (3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4973(e)(1)(A) is amended by striking "\$500" and inserting "the contribution limit (as defined in section 530(b)(4)) for such taxable year"
- (b) TAX-FREE EXPENDITURES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EXPENSES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b)(2) (defining qualified higher education expenses) is amended to read as follows:
  - "(2) QUALIFIED EDUCATION EXPENSES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified education expenses' means—
- "(i) qualified higher education expenses (as defined in section 529(e)(3)), and
- "(ii) qualified elementary and secondary education expenses (as defined in paragraph
- "(B) QUALIFIED STATE TUITION PROGRAMS.—Such term shall include any contribution to a qualified State tuition program (as defined in section 529(b)) on behalf of the designated beneficiary (as defined in section 529(e)(1)); but there shall be no increase in the investment in the contract for purposes of applying section 72 by reason of any portion of such contribution which is not includible in gross income by reason of subsection (d)(2)."
- (2) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules), as amended by subsection (a)(2), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- ``(5) QUALIFIED ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified elementary and secondary education expenses' means—
- "(i) expenses for tuition, fees, academic tutoring, special needs services, books, supplies, computer equipment (including related software and services), and other equipment which are incurred in connection with the enrollment or attendance of the designated beneficiary of the trust as an elementary or secondary school student at a public, private, or religious school, and
- "(ii) expenses for room and board, uniforms, transportation, and supplementary items and services (including extended day

- programs) which are required or provided by a public, private, or religious school in connection with such enrollment or attendance.
- "(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR HOMESCHOOLING.— Such term shall include expenses described in subparagraph (A)(i) in connection with education provided by homeschooling if the requirements of any applicable State or local law are met with respect to such education.
- "(C) SCHOOL.—The term 'school' means any school which provides elementary education or secondary education (kindergarten through grade 12), as determined under State law."
- (3) SPECIAL RULES FOR APPLYING EXCLUSION TO ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—Section 530(d)(2) (relating to distributions for qualified higher education expenses) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(E) SPECIAL RULES FOR ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EXPENSES.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate amount of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses taken into account for purposes of this paragraph with respect to any education individual retirement account for all taxable years shall not exceed the sum of the aggregate contributions to such account for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, and earnings on such contributions.
- "(ii) SPECIAL OPERATING RULES.—For purposes of clause (i)—
- "(I) the trustee of an education individual retirement account shall keep separate accounts with respect to contributions and earnings described in clause (i), and
- "(II) if there are distributions in excess of qualified elementary and secondary education expenses for any taxable year, such excess distributions shall be allocated first to contributions and earnings not described in clause (i)."
- (4) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 530 is amended—
- (A) by striking "higher" each place it appears in subsections (b)(1) and (d)(2), and
- (B) by striking "HIGHER" in the heading for subsection (d)(2).
- (c) WAIVER OF AGE LIMITATIONS FOR CHIL-DREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.—Section 530(b)(1) (defining education individual retirement account) is amended by adding at the end the following flush sentence:
- "The age limitations in subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (E) and paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (d) shall not apply to any designated beneficiary with special needs (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary)."
- (d) ENTITIES PERMITTED TO CONTRIBUTE TO ACCOUNTS.—Section 530(c)(1) (relating to reduction in permitted contributions based on adjusted gross income) is amended by striking "The maximum amount which a contributor" and inserting "In the case of a contributor who is an individual, the maximum amount the contributor".
- (e) Time When Contributions Deemed Made.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 530(b) (relating to definitions and special rules), as amended by subsection (b)(2), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "'(6) TIME WHEN CONTRIBUTIONS DEEMED MADE.—An individual shall be deemed to have made a contribution to an education individual retirement account on the last day of the preceding taxable year if the contribution is made on account of such taxable year and is made not later than the time prescribed by law for filing the return for such taxable year (not including extensions thereof)."

- (2) EXTENSION OF TIME TO RETURN EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS.—Subparagraph (C) of section  $530(\mathrm{d})(4)$  (relating to additional tax for distributions not used for educational expenses) is amended—
- (A) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:
- "(i) such distribution is made before the 1st day of the 6th month of the taxable year following the taxable year, and", and
- (B) by striking "DUE DATE OF RETURN" in the heading and inserting "CERTAIN DATE".
- (f) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS AND QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) In general.—Section 530(d)(2)(C) is amended to read as follows:
- "(C) COORDINATION WITH HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS AND QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
  - "(i) CREDIT COORDINATION.—
- "(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subclause (II), subparagraph (A) shall not apply for any taxable year to any qualified higher education expenses with respect to any individual if a credit is allowed under section 25A with respect to such expenses for such taxable year.
- "(II) SPECIAL COORDINATION RULE.—In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, subclause (I) shall not apply, but the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under subparagraph (A) with respect to an individual for such taxable year shall be reduced (after the application of the reduction provided in section 25A(g)(2)) by the amount of such expenses which were taken into account in determining the credit allowed to the taxpayer or any other person under section 25A with respect to such expenses.
- "(ii) COORDINATION WITH QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—If, with respect to an individual for any taxable year—
- "(I) the aggregate distributions during such year to which subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B) apply, exceed
- "(II) the total amount of qualified higher education expenses (after the application of clause (i)) for such year,
- the taxpayer shall allocate such expenses among such distributions for purposes of determining the amount of the exclusion under subparagraph (A) and section 529(c)(3)(B)."
- (2) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Subsection (e) of section 25A is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY.—A taxpayer may elect not to have this section apply with respect to the qualified tuition and related expenses of an individual for any taxable year."
- (B) Section 135(d)(2)(A) is amended by striking "allowable" and inserting "allowed".
  - (C) Section 530(d)(2)(D) is amended-
  - (i) by striking "or credit", and(ii) by striking "CREDIT OR" in the heading.
- (I) by striking (CREDIT OR III the heading.
  (D) Section 4973(e)(1) is amended by adding "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking subparagraph (B), and by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).
- (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 102. MODIFICATIONS TO QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.

- (a) ELIGIBLE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS PERMITTED TO MAINTAIN QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 529(b)(1) (defining qualified State tuition program) is amended by inserting "or by 1 or more eligible educational institutions" after "maintained by

- a State or agency or instrumentality thereof".
- (2) PRIVATE QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS LIMITED TO BENEFIT PLANS.—Clause (ii) of section 529(b)(1)(A) is amended by inserting "in the case of a program established and maintained by a State or agency or instrumentality thereof," before "may make".
- (3) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Sections 72(e)(9), 135(c)(2)(C), 135(d)(1)(D), 529, 530(b)(2)(B), 4973(e), and 6693(a)(2)(C) are each amended by striking "qualified State tuition" each place it appears and inserting "qualified tuition".
- (B) The headings for sections 72(e)(9) and 135(e)(2)(C) are each amended by striking "QUALIFIED STATE TUITION" and inserting "QUALIFIED TUITION".
- (C) The headings for sections 529(b) and 530(b)(2)(B) are each amended by striking "QUALIFIED STATE TUITION" and inserting "QUALIFIED TUITION".
- (D) The heading for section 529 is amended by striking "STATE".
- (E) The item relating to section 529 in the table of sections for part VIII of subchapter F of chapter 1 is amended by striking "State".
- (b) EXCLUSION FROM GROSS INCOME OF EDUCATION DISTRIBUTIONS FROM QUALIFIED TUITION PROGRAMS.—
- (1) In general.—Section 529(c)(3)(B) (relating to distributions) is amended to read as follows:
- "(B) DISTRIBUTIONS FOR QUALIFIED HIGHER EDUCATION EXPENSES.—For purposes of this paragraph—
- "(i) IN-KIND DISTRIBUTIONS.—No amount shall be includible in gross income under subparagraph (A) by reason of a distribution which consists of providing a benefit to the distributee which, if paid for by the distributee, would constitute payment of a qualified higher education expense.
- $\lq\lq$ (ii) Cash distributions.—In the case of distributions not described in clause (i), if—
- "(I) such distributions do not exceed the qualified higher education expenses (reduced by expenses described in clause (i)), no amount shall be includible in gross income, and
- "(II) in any other case, the amount otherwise includible in gross income shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to such amount as such expenses bear to such distributions.
- "(iii) EXCEPTION FOR INSTITUTIONAL PROGRAMS.—In the case of any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2004, clauses (i) and (ii) shall not apply with respect to any distribution during such taxable year under a qualified tuition program established and maintained by 1 or more eligible educational institutions.
- "(iv) Treatment as distributions.—Any benefit furnished to a designated beneficiary under a qualified tuition program shall be treated as a distribution to the beneficiary for purposes of this paragraph.
- "(iv) Coordination with hope and life-TIME LEARNING CREDITS.—
- "(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subclause (II), clause (i) shall not apply for any taxable year to any qualified higher education expenses with respect to any individual if a credit is allowed under section 25A with respect to such expenses for such taxable year.
- "(II) SPECIAL COORDINATION RULE.—In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2004, subclause (I) shall not apply, but the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under

- clause (i) with respect to an individual for such taxable year shall be reduced (after the application of the reduction provided in section 25A(g)(2)) by the amount of such expenses which were taken into account in determining the credit allowed to the taxpayer or any other person under section 25A with respect to such expenses.
- "(v) COORDINATION WITH EDUCATION IRAS.— If, with respect to an individual for any taxable year—
- ''(I) the aggregate distributions to which clauses (i) and (ii) and section  $530(\mathrm{d})(2)(A)$  apply, exceed
- "(II) the total amount of qualified higher education expenses otherwise taken into account under clauses (i) and (ii) (after the application of clause (iv)) for such year,
- the taxpayer shall allocate such expenses among such distributions for purposes of determining the amount of the exclusion under clauses (i) and (ii) and section 530(d)(2)(A)."
  - (2) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Section 135(d)(2)(B) is amended by striking "section 530(d)(2)" and inserting "sections 529(c)(3)(B)(i) and 530(d)(2)".
- (B) Section 221(e)(2)(A) is amended by inserting "529," after "135,".
- (c) ROLLOVER TO DIFFERENT PROGRAM FOR BENEFIT OF SAME DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY.—Section 529(c)(3)(C) (relating to change in beneficiaries) is amended—
- (1) by striking "transferred to the credit" in clause (i) and inserting "transferred—
- "(I) to another qualified tuition program for the benefit of the designated beneficiary,
- "(II) to the credit",
- (2) by adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(iii) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN ROLLOVERS.— Clause (i)(I) shall only apply to the first 3 transfers with respect to a designated beneficiary.", and (3) by inserting "OR PROGRAMS" after
- (3) by inserting "OR PROGRAMS" after "BENEFICIARIES" in the heading.
- (d) MEMBER OF FAMILY INCLUDES FIRST COUSIN.—Section 529(e)(2) (defining member of family) is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and by inserting "; and", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) any first cousin of such beneficiary."
  (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

### AMENDMENT No. 2833

Beginning on page 18, line 15, strike all through page 19, line 9, and insert:

### SEC. 201. EXTENSION OF EXCLUSION FOR EM-PLOYER-PROVIDED EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 127(d) (relating to termination of exclusion for educational assistance programs) is amended by striking "December 31, 2001" and inserting "June 30, 2004".
- (b) REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON GRADUATE EDUCATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The last sentence of section 127(c)(1) is amended by striking ", and such term also does not include any payment for, or the provision of any benefits with respect to, any graduate level course of a kind normally taken by an individual pursuing a program leading to a law, business, medical, or other advanced academic or professional degree".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to expenses relating to courses beginning after December 31, 2000.

AMENDMENT No. 2384

Beginning on page 21, line 4, strike all through page 27, line 10, and insert:

### TITLE III—LIBERALIZATION OF TAX-EX-EMPT FINANCING RULES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

#### SEC. 301. ADDITIONAL INCREASE IN ARBITRAGE REBATE EXCEPTION FOR GOVERN-MENTAL BONDS USED TO FINANCE EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 148(f)(4)(D)(vii) (relating to increase in exception for bonds financing public school capital expenditures) is amended by striking "\$5,000,000" the second place it appears and inserting "\$10,000,000".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to obligations issued in calendar years beginning after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 302. TREATMENT OF QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITY BONDS AS EXEMPT FACILITY BONDS.

- (a) TREATMENT AS EXEMPT FACILITY BOND.—Subsection (a) of section 142 (relating to exempt facility bond) is amended by striking "or" at the end of paragraph (11), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (12) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- (13) qualified public educational facilities."
- (b) QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.—Section 142 (relating to exempt facility bond) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(k) QUALIFIED PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.—
- ''(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a)(13), the term 'qualified public educational facility' means any school facility which is—
- "(A) part of a public elementary school or a public secondary school, and
- "(B) owned by a private, for-profit corporation pursuant to a public-private partnership agreement with a State or local educational agency described in paragraph (2).
- "(2) PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP AGREE-MENT DESCRIBED.—A public-private partnership agreement is described in this paragraph if it is an agreement—
  - "(A) under which the corporation agrees-
- "(i) to do 1 or more of the following: construct, rehabilitate, refurbish, or equip a school facility, and
- "(ii) at the end of the term of the agreement, to transfer the school facility to such agency for no additional consideration, and
- "(B) the term of which does not exceed the term of the issue to be used to provide the school facility.
- "(3) SCHOOL FACILITY.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'school facility' means—
  - "(A) school buildings,
- "(B) functionally related and subordinate facilities and land with respect to such buildings, including any stadium or other facility primarily used for school events, and
- "(C) any property, to which section 168 applies (or would apply but for section 179), for use in the facility.
- "(4) PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—For purposes of this subsection, the terms 'elementary school' and 'secondary school' have the meanings given such terms by section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- "(5) ANNUAL AGGREGATE FACE AMOUNT OF TAX-EXEMPT FINANCING.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—An issue shall not be treated as an issue described in subsection

(a)(13) if the aggregate face amount of bonds issued by the State pursuant thereto (when added to the aggregate face amount of bonds previously so issued during the calendar year) exceeds an amount equal to the greater of—

``(i) \$10 multiplied by the State population, or

''(ii) \$5,000,000.

"(B) ALLOCATION RULES.—

- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, the State may allocate the amount described in subparagraph (A) for any calendar year in such manner as the State determines appropriate.
- "(ii) RULES FOR CARRYFORWARD OF UNUSED LIMITATION.—A State may elect to carry forward an unused limitation for any calendar year for 3 calendar years following the calendar year in which the unused limitation arose under rules similar to the rules of section 146(f), except that the only purpose for which the carryforward may be elected is the issuance of exempt facility bonds described in subsection (a)(13)."
- (c) EXEMPTION FROM GENERAL STATE VOL-UME CAPS.—Paragraph (3) of section 146(g) (relating to exception for certain bonds) is amended—
- (1) by striking "or (12)" and inserting "(12), or (13)", and
- (2) by striking "and environmental enhancements of hydroelectric generating facilities" and inserting "environmental enhancements of hydroelectric generating facilities, and qualified public educational facilities".
- (d) EXEMPTION FROM LIMITATION ON USE FOR LAND ACQUISITION.—Section 147(h) (relating to certain rules not to apply to mortgage revenue bonds, qualified student loan bonds, and qualified 501(c)(3) bonds) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) EXEMPT FACILITY BONDS FOR QUALIFIED PUBLIC-PRIVATE SCHOOLS.—Subsection (c) shall not apply to any exempt facility bond issued as part of an issue described in section 142(a)(13) (relating to qualified public educational facilities)."
- (e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for section 147(h) is amended by striking "MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS, QUALIFIED STUDENT LOAN BONDS, AND QUALIFIED 501(c)(3) BONDS" and inserting "CERTAIN BONDS".
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to bonds issued after December 31, 2000.

# SEC. 303. FEDERAL GUARANTEE OF SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS BY FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE BOARD.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 149(b)(3) (relating to exceptions) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(E) CERTAIN GUARANTEED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Any bond issued as part of an issue 95 percent or more of the net proceeds of which are used for public school construction shall not be treated as federally guaranteed for any calendar year by reason of any guarantee by the Federal Housing Finance Board (through any Federal Home Loan Bank) under the Federal Home Loan Bank of (12 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, to the extent the face amount of such bond, when added to the aggregate face amount of such bonds previously so guaranteed for such year, does not exceed \$500,000,000."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to bonds issued after December 31, 2000.

Amendment No. 2835

Beginning on page 27, line 11, strike all through page 51, line 3.

#### AMENDMENT No. 2836

On page 19, line 21, strike "December 31, 1999" and insert "December 31, 2000".

# THE TEACHER PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ACT

### DORGAN AMENDMENT NO. 2837

(Ordered to be referred to the Committee on Finance.)

Mr. DORGAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 1124) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to eliminate the 2-percent floor on miscellaneous itemized deductions for qualified professional development expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

### TITLE \_\_\_\_STANDARDIZED SCHOOL REPORT CARDS

SEC. 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Standardized School Report Card Act".

### SEC. 02. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) According to the report "Quality Counts 99", by Education Week, 36 States require the publishing of annual report cards on individual schools, but the content of the report cards varies widely.
- (2) The content of most of the report cards described in paragraph (1) does not provide parents with the information the parents need to measure how their school or State is doing compared with other schools and States.
- (3) Ninety percent of taxpayers believe that published information about individual schools would motivate educators to work harder to improve the schools' performance.
- (4) More than 60 percent of parents and 70 percent of taxpayers have not seen an individual report card for their area school.
- (5) Dissemination of understandable information about schools can be an important tool for parents and taxpayers to measure the quality of the schools and to hold the schools accountable for improving performance.

### SEC. \_\_\_03. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to provide parents, taxpayers, and educators with useful, understandable school report cards.

### SEC. \_\_\_04. REPORT CARDS.

- (a) STATE REPORT CARDS.—Each State educational agency receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall produce and widely disseminate an annual report card for parents, the general public, teachers and the Secretary of Education, in easily understandable language, with respect to elementary and secondary education in the State. The report card shall contain information regarding—
- (1) student performance in language arts and mathematics, plus any other subject areas in which the State requires assessments, including comparisons with students from different school districts within the State, and, to the extent possible, comparisons with students throughout the Nation:
  - (2) attendance and graduation rates;

- (3) professional qualifications of teachers in the State, the number of teachers teaching out of field, and the number of teachers with emergency certification:
  - (4) average class size in the State;
- (5) school safety, including the safety of school facilities, incidents of school violence and drug and alcohol abuse, and the number of instances in which a student was determined to have brought a firearm to school under the State law described in the Gun-Free Schools Act of 1994;
- (6) to the extent practicable, parental involvement, as measured by the extent of parental participation in school parental involvement policies described in section 1118(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965:
- (7) the annual school dropout rate, as calculated by procedures conforming with the National Center for Education Statistics Common Core of Data;
- (8) student access to technology, including the number of computers for educational purposes, the number of computers per classroom, and the number of computers connected to the Internet: and
- (9) other indicators of school performance and quality.
- (b) SCHOOL REPORT CARDS.—Each school receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, or the local educational agency serving that school, shall produce and widely disseminate an annual report card for parents, the general public, teachers and the State educational agency, in easily understandable language, with respect to elementary or secondary education, as appropriate, in the school. The report card shall contain information regarding—
- (1) student performance in the school in language arts and mathematics, plus any other subject areas in which the State requires assessments, including comparisons with other students within the school district, in the State, and, to the extent possible, in the Nation;
  - (2) attendance and graduation rates;
- (3) professional qualifications of the school's teachers, the number of teachers teaching out of field, and the number of teachers with emergency certification;
- (4) average class size in the school;
- (5) school safety, including the safety of the school facility, incidents of school violence and drug and alcohol abuse, and the number of instances in which a student was determined to have brought a firearm to school under the State law described in the Gun-Free Schools Act of 1994:
- (6) parental involvement, as measured by the extent of parental participation in school parental involvement policies described in section 1118(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;
- (7) the annual school dropout rate, as calculated by procedures conforming with the National Center for Education Statistics Common Core of Data:
- (8) student access to technology, including the number of computers for educational purposes, the number of computers per classroom, and the number of computers connected to the Internet; and
- (9) other indicators of school performance and quality.
- (c) Model School Report Cards.—The Secretary of Education shall use funds made available to the Office of Educational Research and Improvement to develop a model school report card for dissemination, upon request, to a school, local educational agency, or State educational agency.
- cy, or State educational agency.
  (d) DISAGGREGATION OF DATA.—Each State educational agency or school producing an